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Project No. MP-1-R-1 . Date: July 29, 1959
Name of Project: Industrial Waste Control in Region MP-1
Period Covered: July 15, 1958 through July 15, 1959. Job No: F-3-C
Bio-assay and Chemical Analysis of Eastern States Petroleum Company's Waste Waters, Houston, Texas
Abstract: Waste waters proved toxic to fish life in concentrations as low as 8%. Wastes were also high in temperatures, sulfides, phenols and oxygen consuming materials.
Findings: Eastern States discharges a pproximately 500 gallons per minute of waste waters. Since most plants periodically dump large amounts of objectionable waste materials, it was decided to collect a composite sample to obtain a representative sample. (REFER TO ATTACHED DATA SHEETS ON TOXICITY AND CHEMICAL ANALYSIS).
Temperatures ran as high as $120^{\circ}$ F with an average of around $115^{\circ}$ F.
The plant has a standard A.P.I. separator which appears to be adequate for removing waste oils.
A pH control unit maintained the pH level within a safe range according to the readings from our composite sampling.
Results: Company representatives advised they would investigate means to correct the phenols and sulfides present in the waste stream.
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Marine Chemist . Date Approved: Wy 1959

Chemical Analysis Eastern States Petroleum Co.'s Waste Waters Pasadena, Texas

	Phenols	pН	Oil	Temperature	Oxygen Consumed
Plant No. 1	0.0 ppm	7.6	; 70 ppm	126 <sup>°</sup> F 52° C	
Waste Waters		<del></del>			
Plant No. 2 Waste Waters	25.0 ppm	10.0	85 ppm	126 <sup>°</sup> F 52 <sup>°</sup> C	427 ppm

Table I

Chemical A	nalysis of Eastern States Pet. and Chem. Corp.'s Waste	Waters			
Houston, I	Cexas September	23, 1958			
8:30 A M	pH ; Temp. Sulfides	V ~ ~ n			
9:00 A M	pH	8.6 110°F 35 ppm			
9:30 A M	pH Temp. Sulfides	8.9 118°F 35 ppm			
10:00 A M	pH	8.7 118°F 35 ppm			
10:30 A M	pH Temp. Sulfides	8 7			
11:00 A M	pH Temp. Sulfides				
11:30 A M	pH Temp. Sulfides	- 8.7 - 119°F - 15 ppm			
12 Noon	pH Temp. Sulfides	- 7.8 - 120°F - 15 ppm			
$3\frac{1}{2}$ Hour Composite Sample (Collected at 30 minute intervals)					
	Oxygen Consumed (Dichromate Reflux Method)	552 ppm			
	Phenols (4-aminoantipyrine method)	11.5 ppm			
	рН	8.6			

Table II

Toxicity Data on Eastern States Petroleum and Chemical Corporation's

Waste Waters

Houston, Texas

September 23, 1958

Species,	Conc. of Waste	Physiological Observations
5 Killifish Adinia xenica	Control	All alive and O K after 24 hours.
5 Killifish Adinia xenica	8%	Fish appeared hervous. After 15 minutes increased respiration. 1 dead after 23 hours. Others alive after 24 hours.
5 Killifish Adinia xenica	16%	Fish became nervous after 10 minutes. Increased respiration. Muscle spasms after 35 minutes. Loss of equilibrium noticed after 4 hours. 2 dead within 18 hours. All dead after 24 hours.
5 Killifish Adinia xenica	25 <b>%</b>	Discomfort noted almost immediately. Increased respiration. Nervousness and muscle spasms after 30 minutes. Loss of equilibrium after 1 hour. 3 dead within three hours. All dead within 6 hours.
5 Killifish Adinia xenica	33%	Discomfort noted immediately. Extreme nervousness and muscle spasm after 5 minutes. Loss of equilibrium after 20 minutes. 3 dead within 1 hour. All dead within 2 hours.